

Notation

Symbol	Meaning
π	3.14159265358979323846 ...
e	2.71828182845904523536 ...
t	Time
ρ	Density
g	Earth's gravitational constant $g \approx 9.80665 \text{ m/s}^2$
G	Universal gravitational constant $G \approx 6.673 \times 10^{-11} \text{ m}^3/(\text{kg}\cdot\text{s}^2)$
μ_s, μ_k	Coefficient of static and kinetic friction
e_r	Coefficient of restitution
$\frac{\partial y}{\partial x}$	Partial derivative of the scalar y with respect to the scalar x
$\frac{\partial^2 y}{\partial x^2}$	Second partial derivative of the scalar y with respect to the scalar x
$\frac{dy}{dt}, \dot{y}, y'$	Ordinary time derivative of y
$\frac{d^2 y}{dt^2}, \ddot{y}, y''$	Second ordinary time derivative of y
Vectors and dyadics	
\vec{v}	Vector \vec{v} (bold-faced font)
$\vec{0}$	Zero vector (bold-faced font)
$ \vec{v} $	Magnitude of vector \vec{v} . $ \vec{v} = (\vec{v} \cdot \vec{v})^{1/2} = \sqrt{\vec{v} \cdot \vec{v}}$
\vec{v}^n	Vector \vec{v} raised to the n power. $\vec{v}^n \triangleq \vec{v} ^n = (\vec{v} \cdot \vec{v})^{n/2}$, e.g., $\vec{v}^2 \triangleq \vec{v} ^2 = \vec{v} \cdot \vec{v}$
$\overline{\overline{\mathbf{D}}}$	Dyadic $\overline{\overline{\mathbf{D}}}$ (bold-faced font)
$\overline{\overline{\mathbf{0}}}, \overline{\overline{\mathbf{1}}}$	Zero dyadic, unit dyadic
$\vec{a} \times \vec{b}$	Cross product of vector \vec{a} with vector \vec{b}
$\vec{a} \cdot \vec{b}$	Dot product of vector \vec{a} with vector \vec{b}
$\frac{N d\vec{v}}{dt}$	Ordinary time derivative in reference frame N of the vector \vec{v}
$\frac{N d^2\vec{v}}{dt^2}$	Second ordinary time derivative in reference frame N of the vector \vec{v}
Mass, center of mass, inertia	
S_{cm}	The subscript cm denotes the mass center of a body or system S
m^S	Mass of S (S is a particle, body, or system of particles and bodies)
$\overline{\overline{\mathbf{I}}}^{S/O}$	Inertia dyadic of S about point O (S is a particle, body, or system of particles and bodies)
$I_{\hat{u}\hat{v}}^{S/O}$	Inertia scalar (moment or product) of S about point O for the unit vectors \hat{u} and \hat{v}
Rotational kinematics	
${}^a R^b$	Rotation matrix relating the right-handed orthogonal unit vectors $\hat{a}_x, \hat{a}_y, \hat{a}_z$ to the right-handed orthogonal unit vectors $\hat{b}_x, \hat{b}_y, \hat{b}_z$
${}^N \vec{\omega}^B$	Angular velocity of reference frame B in reference frame N
${}^N \vec{\alpha}^B$	Angular acceleration of reference frame B in reference frame N
Translational kinematics	
$\vec{r}^{Q/O}$	Position vector of point Q from point O
${}^N \vec{v}^Q$	Velocity of point Q in reference frame N
${}^N \vec{a}^Q$	Acceleration of point Q in reference frame N

Momentum, inertia force, kinetic energy in a reference frame N	
${}^N\vec{\mathbf{L}}^S$	Linear momentum of S in reference frame N (S is a particle, body, or massive system)
${}^N\vec{\mathbf{H}}^{S/O}$	Angular momentum of S about point O in reference frame N (S is a massive system)
${}^NK^S$	Kinetic energy of S in reference frame N (S is a particle, body, or massive system)
Forces, moments, torque, impulse	
$\vec{\mathbf{F}}^{Q/R}$	Force on point Q by point R
$\vec{\mathbf{F}}^S$	Resultant of forces on the point, particle, body, or system S
$\vec{\mathbf{M}}^{S/O}$	Moment of the set S of bound vectors about point O
$\vec{\mathbf{T}}^A$	Torque of the couple associated with the replacement of forces on rigid object A
$\vec{\mathbf{T}}^{A/B}$	Torque of the couple associated with forces on rigid object A by rigid object B
$\vec{\mathbf{J}}^{Q/R}$	Impulse on point Q by point R
$\vec{\mathbf{J}}^S$	Resultant of impulses on the point, particle, body, or system S
$\vec{\mathbf{t}}^A$	Torque of the couple associated with the replacement of impulses on rigid object A
$\vec{\mathbf{t}}^{A/B}$	Torque of the couple associated with impulses on rigid object A by rigid object B
Power, work, and potential energy in a reference frame N	
${}^N\mathbf{P}^{\vec{\mathbf{F}}^{Q/R}}$	Power due to the force on point Q by point R and the velocity of Q relative to R in N
${}^N\mathbf{P}^S$	Power due to all the forces on point, body, or system S and the motion of S in N
${}^N\mathbf{W}^{\vec{\mathbf{T}}^A}$	Work due to the torque on rigid object A and the angular velocity of A in N
${}^N\mathbf{W}^S$	Work due to all forces on point, body, or system S and the motion of S in N
${}^NU^{\vec{\mathbf{F}}^Q}$	Potential energy due to the force on point Q and the position of Q in N
${}^NU^S$	Potential energy due to all forces on system S and the configuration of S in N

